The digital divide index score (DDI) ranges between 0 and 100, where a lower score indicates a lower divide. The infrastructure adoption score and the socioeconomic score both in a 0 to 100 range as well contribute to the overall DDI. Listed below each score are the indicators used.

**Infrastructure/Adoption Score**
- If this score is much higher than the socioeconomic score, efforts should be made to upgrade the broadband infrastructure.
- Average maximum advertised download speed in Mbps: 40.441
- Average maximum advertised upload speed in Mbps: 5.669
- 40.0 - 59.9% of households with a 10/1 broadband connection
- 8.7% of people without access to fixed broadband of at least 25 Mbps down and 3 Mbps up

**Socioeconomic Score**
- If this score is much higher than the infrastructure/adoptions score, efforts should be made to focus on digital literacy and exposing residents to the benefits of the technology.
- 9.6% population ages 65 and older
- 4.4% of individuals in poverty
- 4.8% ages 25 and older with less than a high school degree
- 6.4% noninstitutionalized civilian population with a disability

**2015 Digital Divide Profile**

**Carver County, Minnesota**

**Digital Divide Index Score**: 19.03

The missed economic benefits amount over 15 years if 20% of unserved households had access and subscribed to the service: $10,400,709

Source: FCC Form 477; 2011-2015 ACS For more information, contact Dr. Roberto Gallardo at (765) 494-7273 or robertog@purdue.edu Twitter: @robertoge or @pcrd